

WOMAN'S LOVE.—The other day a alleged horse thief was brought up for trial at Waco, Texas. The evidence against him was very strong, when wife, a mere child, with tearful eyes and blushing cheeks, and a stamp of candor on her innocent face, took the stand and testified that her husband had bought the horse from a man she had never seen before, and produced the bill of sale. The jury burst into tears and acquitted him, and locked in each other arms the devoted couple left the court and appeared. Two hours later the discovery was made that the wife had been schooled by one of the wiles of thieves in the prison, who had written the bill of sale for her.

employed on many of our farms. This loading measure from a barn-yard and hauling it by wagon a few hundred yards, to be unloading fork-full by fork-full, is a waste of time and labor of both man and beast.

Young ladies, while playing croquet in the presence of their beaux, would better act the languid or feebly and tap the balls in an exhausted sort a way that would indicate the probability of having shortly to intercede as an undertaker. Many a girl has scared off a first-class lover by hitting the balls a whack with the mallet that almost split them in half. No man likes to face the possibility that even as they had done unto them so would they do unto him.

TO CLEANSE JEWELRY.—Use hot water and a clean brush; rub a very little soap on the brush, then dip into powdered borax, and scour well; rinse in hot water, and rub dry with a clean towel, or chamois is better. Silver bangles are brightened quickly in the same way.

The secret of P. T. Barnum's world-wide reputation is to be found in this statement he has just made that he "don't care what the papers say about him," provided they will say something.

Here is a criticism on a sermon which, like sentences of the Delphic oracle, may be read in two different ways. When asked how she liked the morning discourse, she replied, "It was good enough, what there was in it; and there was enough of it, so as it was."

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To a real child of God there is place on earth like the sanctuary of the Lord, where he regularly attends the worship of God, hears His praises, joins in His worship, receives his blessing, and enjoys His presence.—J. Smith.

A mail-busched person once shanty the other day: "What do you want?" asked Pat. "Nothing," was the visitor's reply. "Then you will find it in the jug where the whiskey was."

The high price of postage is owing to the absence of competition in business. Monopolies should pay a postage stamp that you could buy three for five cents.

An unsophisticated person once declined a plate of macaroni soup, with the remark that they couldn't put off bile pipe stems on him.

A wag, speaking of a blind woodsawyer, says that "while none could see him, thousands have seen him saw."

For full particulars send for Catalogue to
Mrs. S. F. W. TAMMANT
 Crab Orchard, Ill.

INGALLS & CO.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Boots and Shoes
276 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

SECRETARY SHERMAN in his speech at Mansfield, Ohio, declared to the people that the Resumption Law did not require the redemption of all the greenbacks—that whenever greenbacks should become equal to gold in the market, then the object of the law would be accomplished and, therefore, no further redemption would be necessary. He further said that such greenbacks as might be redeemed could, under the law, be re-issued. The law says, "On and after the 1st day of January, 1879, the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem in coin the United States legal-tender notes then outstanding." Here is a command as positive as language can make it to the Secretary to redeem the notes then outstanding, not a portion of them but all of them. Those notes represent a debt of the nation, and the object of the provision quoted is to pay off and extinguish that debt, not merely to improve its market value, as the Secretary seems to imagine.

But the Secretary thinks he can, after redeeming those notes, re-issue them—that is, it is his opinion that Congress intended to empower him to borrow gold and pay off the legal-tender debt, and afterwards if he sees fit, to re-issue it—in other words, he assumes to be authorized to convert the present legal-tender debt of \$350,000,000, which bears no interest, into two debts of that amount each, one of which to be a bonded debt bearing four per cent. interest.

If this Boss Usser really thinks what he says, he is a very feeble thinker; and if he doesn't think what he says he certainly regards all of his fellow-citizens as simpletons, and in so regarding them he proves himself a simpleton; wherefore, the said John Sherman is adjudged a fool in two cases and ordered to be not aside for lying.

The selection of the Committee by Speaker Randall, created considerable surprise and made every body mad except the favored few of his friends. The fact that none of his opponents for the Speakership was given a Chairmanship of a Committee shows Randall to be a man of vindictive spirit and void of the sense of propriety. He however, recognized the South handsomely, giving its members the Chairmanship of twenty-three out of the thirty-six important Committees. Kentucky members are distributed as follows: Proctor Knott, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Judge Durham on Appropriations, Blackburn on the District of Columbia and Expenses of the War Department, Turner on Private Land Claims, Boone on Indian Affairs, Clarke on Patents, McKenzie on Public Buildings and Grounds, Carlisle on the Revision of the Laws Relating to the Electoral Vote, and Willis on Education and Labor, and on the Revision of the Laws.

WM. LLOYD GARRISON, mad because Hayes has refused to keep the thieving members of the Republican party in power, has written a letter to the *New York Times* scolding him of trickery and rogues, denouncing him as a Judas Iscariot and calling him many other bad names. The poor old man is disappointed, because he was not recognized. Hayes' Southern policy has secured him the support of all the honest men of the land, therefore Garrison's bark won't hurt him much.

A BILL has been introduced in Congress favoring the repeal of the law requiring a two cent revenue stamp on a Bank check, and it is hoped that this unjust measure is in its last days. By it the poor man who puts his savings in a bank is compelled to pay as much revenue to check out \$1.00 as the rich man does on his check of a million. It should by all means be repealed.

In a pious and nicely worded proclamation President Hayes has named Nov. 29th, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer for the manifold blessings vouchsafed to the people of the United States during the present year. The war on the Turks of Europe is a small matter compared to the terrible slaughter about to be commenced on the Turkey of the United States.

ALL the people of Virginia this week are gathered at the State Fair, at Richmond, to see the fraudulent Presidential Circus that has been on exhibition there. It was received with tremendous enthusiasm and Hayes is no doubt proud to know that his course is so warmly approved by the people of the mother of States and statesmen.

We are greatly indebted to our contemporaries the *Louisville Evening News* and *Sunday Argus* for additional compliments which we sincerely appreciate, especially when we know that Hon. E. Polk Johnson and O. H. Rothacker are the authors of the articles in question.

JNO. WALTON, of Philadelphia, has been appointed Minister to England by President Hayes, and the newspapers are enquiring, "Who's Who?" A has not been found out yet.

MR. HAYES AS AN ORATOR.—That was a brilliant speech of Mr. Hayes, delivered at Richmond last Tuesday—a speech brimful of original, well-dressed ideas. Who but a man of transcendent genius would ever have thought of saying as he did, "the city of Richmond has a double interest, the interest that belongs to a town that has a famous history, and also it has the fortune to have the added interest which belongs to a city that has a future," and who could have expressed it so beautifully? A common man would have simply said that Richmond was rather an interesting town. Mr. Hayes didn't go to school for nothing.

In fact that speech is full of wise remarks, for instance: "In the past, under the slave-holding system, the land of Virginia was owned mainly in great tracts, with a sparse rural population. Now, under the new system, these lands are to be cut up gradually, and a denser rural population will be found in your State. Hereafter there will be more feeling in behalf of employments that make great cities."

It takes a mighty intellect to deduce such a conclusion from such premises. Ninety-nine men out of a hundred would suppose that whatever influences would increase the density of the rural population would at the same time lessen the city population. But Mr. Hayes is the hundredth man himself and sees deeper into things than the rest of us.

The reader of the speech of the Mayor of Richmond and the President's response to it may be a little surprised and bewildered to find that the two orations are on entirely different subjects—the former being devoted wholly to the President's pacificatory policy, and the latter exclusively to the history and prospects of Richmond. Usually when one orator responds to another, if he does not contradict him, he does not altogether to the top of his voice what he has been addressed, he is very apt at least to make some allusion to them for fear of being thought impolite. And where two speeches are so utterly foreign to each other as the Mayor's and President's were, it might be inferred that the last speaker did not sanction the sentiments of the first one. It might be surmised in this case that his Excellency is beginning to "weaken" as it respects his Southern policy. But it is to be hoped that such is not the case, and that the true explanation is, that the two orators prepared their speeches weeks before their delivery without consultation with each other—neither knowing what the other was going to talk about—and when they met the speeches had to be made just as they were, whether they fitted each other or not. It is not reasonable to suppose that such masterly efforts were extemporaneous.

In view of Gov. McCrory's probable candidacy for United States Senator, he has at the solicitation of the Clark county Democrat, written a letter expressive of his views on the more important issues of the day. The Governor, as usual, is sound to the core, and if elected Senator would represent the true interest of Kentucky and the country at large. He is for the immediate repeal of the Resumption Act, favors the remonetization of silver, and wants that and Greenbacks made legal tenders for all sums and in payment of all debts, including duties. National Bank notes should be withdrawn as rapidly as possible, their place being supplied by a currency issued directly by the Government. He is opposed to the Act that made bonds payable in gold that were bought with depreciated Greenbacks and favors a general revision of the tariff laws, wants the tariff taxation to be solely to obtain revenue and not to protect any class or to enrich monopolies. Home rule, he asserts, is one of the cardinal principles of our system and should be earnestly supported by all true friends of the Republic. The letter is written in good style and we regret that our space is too contracted to publish it in full.

THE bell for Sunday School was rung last Sunday a little before 8 o'clock, a. m. Bro. Moon, suppose we ring it before breakfast next Sunday, it would probably give a fellow an appetite, to attend services before breakfast. As an "appetizer," it would doubtless surpass Will S. Hayes' "Morning Nip."—Let's try it.

Prof. Bailey, of Stanford, is teaching an amateur string band at this place. We were roused from a refreshing slumber a night or so ago, by what we first supposed was a cat-fight, but which on investigation proved to be the harmonious melody evolved by Jim Maret and Ad. Myers from two bass "fiddles."

It having been reported that one Oakes, a fugitive from justice, charged with murder in Lincoln county, and for whom a reward of \$500 has been offered by the Governor, was in hiding in this county, a party of men went one night last week to the house where he was supposed to be. A diligent search of the premises was made, but no traces of the fugitive were discovered.

That noted hunter and trapper, Caspar Williams, yesterday morning, in his father, D. U. Williams' orchard, killed a peculiar specimen of the feathered tribe. The bird was of a dark-brown color, largely intermingled with yellow. It measured three feet and nine inches from tip to tip of its wings; it has a bill about four inches long, a long neck, and long legs. To us it looks like a crane, but the best judges say it is not a crane, and hence, for the once we are perplexed. What do you call it?

Our very good friend, Mr. Luke S. Jones, who has been acting as agent for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Pine Hill, for the past seven years, has resigned his position, and formed a partnership with J. A. Vandiver, of Louisville. They propose to embark in the wholesale grocery business. Mr. Jones, during his long service as a railroad agent, has abundantly demonstrated the fact that he possesses all

HARRISBURG is now in communication with the outside world by rail, the Short Line connecting it with the Cincinnati Southern, having been completed on the 25th amid general rejoicing among the citizens.

GEN. N. B. FORREST, who made himself famous during the war as a brave and daring Confederate cavalryman, died last Tuesday at Memphis, Tennessee, from diseases brought on by hardships endured during the war.

ONE of the unfortunate Misses Rutherford, who suffered so terribly in the machinery of a mill in Jessamine, died a few days ago. The one that had her arm amputated is doing well and will recover.

NEXT Tuesday twelve States will hold elections, namely: New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Illinois, Virginia, Maryland, New Jersey, Wisconsin, Mississippi, Georgia, Minnesota and Nebraska.

THE Public Library Building and the Ohio Bridge at Louisville were both sold for taxes this week. The city became the purchaser at \$643.97 for the former, and \$56,100 for the latter.

EIGHT hundred and fifty bills were presented to Congress one day this week, fifty of which asked for the repeal of the Resumption Act.

ACTORS DEAD.—Mr. Edwin Adams, a famous actor, and Geo. L. Fox, the hero of "Humpty Dumpty," died this week.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NEWS.

Mr. Vernon.

OCTOBER 31, 1877.

Mrs. Quite is in good health. She is nearly always so.

Brinkley defies competition in prices and in the quality of his goods.

Quite a heavy rain fell here Monday night, and continued through most of the day Tuesday.

Mr. B. F. Slavin, of Crab Orchard, has been appointed R. Agent at Pine Hill, vice L. S. Jones resigned.

Mr. John Lentz, of Louisville, who recently purchased the farm of W. H. Spradlin, has moved his family to it.

Those who wish to buy good overcoats cheap would do well to call and examine the large stock at M. F. Brinkley's.

Another poor soul was made happy yesterday by learning that he could purchase the best boots at the lowest prices at Brinkley's cheap cash store.

John Ballard and James Dillion, of Crab Orchard, passed through town yesterday. They have been sojourning in the mountains for a week.

For once we are just a day too late. Sunday we had set apart to capture Grove Kennedy, but that dashed manner was ahead of us, and we lost a cool thousand!

Brinkley's goods are like hot cakes—they disappear rapidly. Brinkley's goods are unlike hot cakes—it don't burn you to take 'em. Brinkley sells at low figures.

Our Court of Claims in session last week "got down" in quite a number of claims. The allowance made to the County Judge was \$300; to the County Attorney, \$250.

Mr. Charles Kirtly and Dr. W. P. McKee left here Monday evening for a fishing excursion down the Rockcastle river. We wish them a pleasant trip and immense success.

Our genial friend, W. T. Brooks, has recently purchased from J. L. Joplin a house and lot in town. He is having the house repaired, and will shortly move into it. When there, he will be "lord of all he surveys"—except his wife.

Mr. Robt. McKee, of London, was here last week visiting his brother, Dr. W. P. McKee. F. B. McClary, Esq.,—famously known as "Doc"—of Barbourville, who has been "taking in" Louisville for the last three weeks, is visiting this place, his old home.

We will be compelled to change our quarters. We live next door to Brinkley, and the exclamations of the females, who, after examining his goods, are so astonished to find them so cheap, are so loud and so numerous that 'blamed if we can't tend to business.

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the qualifications requisite to a successful business man, and we therefore conclude the firm of Jones and Vandiver will prosper, at least we hope that success may crown their enterprise.

On last County Court day the following land-sales were made: Dr. Jennings Price, Master Commissioner of the Circuit Courts of Common Pleas, acting under a judgment of said court in the case of Daniel Burdett, Administrator, &c., vs. Marion Burdett, &c., disposed of the following tracts of land lying near Broadhead: One tract of 99 acres to John E. Woodyard, at \$1.50 per acre; one tract of 145 acres to T. S. Frith, at \$3.10 per acre; a house and lot in Broadhead, to T. S. Frith for \$432; J. K. McClary, Master Commissioner of our Circuit Court, sold to Wm. Baker 191 acres of land for \$800. This last tract was sold under a judgment in the case of W. T. Brooks, Guardian, &c., vs. R. A. Brook's heirs, &c.

These few sharp frosts have had the effect of working up things in matrimonial circles. Look at the list furnished us this week by our County Clerk, of licenses issued since our last report: W. A. Sexton to Lucy Abney; Greenville Haley to Matilda J. Hays; John C. Riddle to Sallie Murray; Wm. Murry to Della Montgomery; Colby Hays to Drusilla Hays; Urban Lovin to Mary Pilkerton; Joseph Bullen to Nancy Coffee; Joseph G. Sowder to Sarah Kirby. Our only comment on this whole thing is this: We hope that Bullen will never be without his Coffee, and that she who was once Miss Sallie Murry may successfully solve the matrimonial problem, never once pausing at the presentation of small Riddles. In this connection we may say that Jim Maret was not married last Sunday, as reported.

QUITTO.

Obituary.

DIED.—At the house of her father, S. W. Gilmore, Esq., near Shelby City, Ky., Oct. 15, 1877, Mrs. Sallie G. Forey.

Few Christians ever attain to a spiritual elevation in this life, at which the contemplation of death is not more or less painful. Especially does the great become sad when the victim has been removed from earth in the midst of life's brightest hopes and sweetest joys. Such are some of the elements of sorrow that are associated with the death of Mrs. Sallie G. Forey.

On the 16th of February, 1871, she pledged her young heart's life-long devotion at the marriage altar, to Robt. Forey, Esq., of Mercer county, Ky. A few bright years of undimmed happiness followed and fortune smiling with every step along life's journey. Two children are given them by whom to make their hearts and lives more perfect.

Then, alas! death came—but it came gently and tenderly—and called the young loving mother away from her husband and the dear little children whom God had given them. Such is the side of the "shadow." But there remains another side of the "light." In early life the deceased became a Christian, and united with the Christian church at Given's Church, in Lincoln county, Ky. She maintained "steadfastly" the profession of her faith, without wavering, unto the end. Hence, though it pained her to leave her loved ones, she was sustained by the presence of Jesus and in faith, committed them all to Him, in the blessed assurance of a home in Heaven. May an undivided family meet them there at last. W. L. W.

MARKETS.

Manford.

Trade continues good, with no changes to note in quotations of consequence. The following are the current prices for provisions: Bacon shoulders, 10c; clear sides, 12½c; Hams, 15c; Lard, 12c; Wheat, 90c; corn, 75c; rye, 85c; red, 90c; Oats, 45c; Beans, 45c; Flour, common to choice, \$1 to \$1.50 per hundred pounds; Butter, 20c; Eggs, 12½c; Grain raised sugar, 15c; coffee sugar, 14c; brown sugar, 12½c; Coffee, common to best, 25c; Molasses, 75c; Salt, per bu, 50c; Vinegar, 40c; Irish potatoes, 50c.

Louisville.

There was a steady selling in the Louisville produce markets yesterday. Provisions were quiet but firm, closing at 7½c for bacon shoulders, 9½c for clear sides, and 9½c for clear sides. Butter was quiet at 20c; rye, 85c; red, 90c; Oats, 45c; Beans, 45c; Flour, common to choice, \$1 to \$1.50 per hundred pounds; Butter, 20c; Eggs, 12½c; Grain raised sugar, 15c; coffee sugar, 14c; brown sugar, 12½c; Coffee, common to best, 25c; Molasses, 75c; Salt, per bu, 50c; Vinegar, 40c; Irish potatoes, 50c.

Wholesale Grocers.

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HOTELS.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL!

STANFORD, KY.

W. F. RAMSEY, Proprietor.

Having taken charge of this Hotel, he is prepared to accommodate the public with good food and excellent accommodations at low prices. He also keeps a stable in connection with the Hotel. 12841

GEORGE SAMBROOK,

Has renovated and refurnished the

LIVINGSTON HOTEL,

at Livingston Station; has good Stables and

Accommodation for Drovers

Plenty of good baled Hay, and Corn, always on hand. Good water running through Stock lot. Drovers stopping at this stand avoid the risk of exposing their stock by swimming the river previous to going into the lot for the night. He is well prepared to entertain his old customers and the traveling public generally, and invites a liberal portion of their patronage in his line. Dec. 24, '75-198-47

CARSON HOUSE

R. CARSON, Proprietor.

Having leased the Bruce House, the undersigned is again before the public and solicits its patronage. His friends are aware of his capacity to keep a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

and he assures them that he will endeavor to maintain his reputation. He has the

BEST STABLE IN TOWN,

where horses will be kept at reasonable rates. Give him a call. (2071) R. CARSON.

THE MYERS HOUSE,

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

James B. Owens,

PROPRIETOR.

Fare and Accommodations,

all that a Traveler

Could Wish.

Baggage Checked to and from Depot

Free of Charge. 200-47

GROCERIES.

W. A. COLLIER,

—WITH—

Glazebrook, Grinstead & Co

—WHOLESALE—

GROCERS.

258 & 260 S. W. Cor. Main & 7th Sts.,

And 48 and 50 Seventh Street,

LOUISVILLE. - - - KY.

WHEAT & DURF.

[Successors to Wheat & Cheney.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Agents for Frankfort Cotton Mills,

No. 231 Main St., bet. Sixth & Seventh,

Opposite Louisville Hotel,

(137-47) LOUISVILLE, KY.

LIVERY.

J. B. OWENS.

THOS. RUFORD.

NEW LIVERY STABLE!

The undersigned, having opened a new Livery Stable in connection with the Myers House, are prepared to serve the public, at all hours, with the

NICEST TURNOUTS.

Our Vehicles are new and handsome, our horses give us a drive.

OWENS & BUFORD.

261-172

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY

MRS. M. E. DAVIES.

NEAR DEPOT, STANFORD, KY.

Has just received an

ELEGANT STOCK

—OF—

Fall and Winter Millinery

—AND—

Ladies' Fancy Goods,

all of the most Fashionable Styles, and of a quality to meet the wants of the community.

Thanking her friends for past favors, she respectfully solicits an early call.

THE MANTUA-MAKING DEPARTMENT was conducted by MISS MYERS and MRS. DAVIES, whose taste and skill is well-known in the South.

JOHN H. CRAIG,

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THE MYERS HOUSE,

STANFORD, KY.,

Friday Morning, November 2, 1877.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GET THE Noiseless Slate at Chenault's.
Old papers for sale at this office at 50c. per hundred.

Try Smith & Miller's variety of Cakes and Improved Light Bread.

EXCELLENT and cheap Cedar Posts for sale by Smith & Miller.

New and splendid stock of Jewelry at Anderson & McRoberts.

WINDOW GLASS all sizes at the lowest prices at E. R. Chenault's.

CLERKS for every body. Prices from \$2.25 to \$16 at Chenault's.

BUY your Books, Paper, Pens, Ink and Pencils, at E. R. Chenault's.

FIRST stock of lamps at low prices. Call on Anderson & McRoberts.

If you want a good Shot Gun, Ammunition, &c., go to Bohon & Stage's.

J. H. & S. H. SHANKS are just receiving and opening a new stock of goods.

Go to E. R. Chenault's for School Books. Large stock at publishers' prices.

CALL and see the largest stock of clocks ever brought to Stanford at Chenault's.

A GOOD assortment of Spectacles at low prices, just received at Anderson & McRoberts.

J. H. & S. H. SHANKS have a full line of Clothing for Boys and Youths from 13 to 15 years of age.

SOAPMAKERS, Grocers and Habits of Potash for Soap making call on Anderson & McRoberts.

A beautiful assortment of the latest style Visiting Cards just received at this office. Twenty-five with your name printed on them for 25 cents.

CASEN & DODD are daily in receipt of Fresh Oysters, which they serve to their customers in any style, in the most approved manner. Give them a call.

OUR Stock of School Books, Slates, Copy Books, Pens, Ink and Paper, is not complete in every way. Come and buy.

ANDERSON & McROBERTS.

EVEN the sweet little fellow 21 years old can be fitted at Julius Winter & Co's emporium of Boys' and Children's Clothing, Southwest Corner Third & Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

MRS. L. BEADLEY wishes her friends and patrons to know that she keeps at all times new and fashionable Millinery Goods. Her place of business can be found by her sign "Millinery and Dress Making."

A WEDDING outfit purchased from Julius Winter & Co., South-east Corner Third & Market Sts., Louisville, Ky. has already had a beneficial consequence; their increased sales of Children's Clothing has proven it.

S. N. MATHEWS, the best Merchant Tailor in Central Kentucky, has on hand, and is constantly receiving a splendid stock of goods for Fall and Winter wear. He works the best material only, and always guarantees a good fit.

Go to Bohon & Stage's for Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Best Whiskies, Brandy and Wines for Medicinal use. Miscellaneous and School Books, Stationery of all varieties, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Guns and Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, finest Cheviot and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Laundry and Toilet Soap, large assortment Handkerchiefs, Extracts, Combs and Brushes, Window Glass, Mirrors, Lamps and Fixtures, Picture Frames and Molding, Folding Bed Racks, Paints and Oils of all colors and kinds. Prescriptions carefully filled at any hour day and night.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.—It is the duty of every person who has used Boecher's German Syrup to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 doses bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the German Syrup cannot be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by Bohon & Stage.

LOCAL NEWS.

Go to the Carson House for good square meal.

CALL at J. N. Davis' and see the best set of Harness in the State for the money.

MRS. MARY A. TIMBERLAKE, of New Orleans, will please accept our thanks for late papers of the city.

A. A. WARREN is agent here for the Singer, the best Sewing Machine made. Samples on hand at the P. O.

FIVE recruits to the Penitentiary, one white woman, two white men and two negro men, departed on yesterday's train for Frankfort.

GEN. JOHN S. WILLIAMS, a very prominent candidate for United States Senator, has been in town for several days, adding many others to his long list of friends in this vicinity.

THE young ladies who sign themselves "Fish & Tom" must send their names, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We can publish their communication on no other condition.

MR. J. R. MARSH, editor of the Danville Advocate, was elected Third Worthy Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, last week in Louisville. We are glad to see the modest merits of our neighbor so handsomely recognized.

J. N. DAVIS has now in stock the largest and best assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Lexington Jeans and Yarns in the market. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also complete stock of Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Lamps, &c.

ACCIDENT.—Miss Lizzie and Emma Jones, in attempting to turn their buggy around in the street, last Saturday, did it so abruptly that their little brother was thrown out. He fell right under the feet of the mule, but fortunately escaped unhurt, further than an ugly gash across the forehead.

THE matrimonial market is fully up to the standard this week, the number reported during the previous week being fully sustained. The following is the County Clerks report: Mr. Albert C. Taylor to Miss Mollie E. Tucker. Silas B. Gill to Miss Sarah Cooley. John P. Depeaux to Miss Eliza M. Kinder. John Henry Adams to Mrs. Fannie Clark.

A GENTLE rain set in last evening with a fair prospect of a good wetting of the dry fields.

WANTED.—500 bushels of Orchard Grass Seed. Apply to J. R. Warren & Son, Main Street.

G. W. BAIS, G. W. C. T., will deliver a Lecture on Temperance, in the Court-house at this place, next Tuesday night. Every body is cordially invited to attend.

A WIFE WORTH HAVING.—A lady in town, this week, cooked three meals, cleaned up her large house, boiled a pot of soap and made a shirt. Wonder if Craddock's wife can come up to this?

A LIBERAL OFFER.—We will send the INTERIOR JOURNAL till January 1, 1878, to any one sending two dollars. This will be giving you ten or twelve copies free. Please take advantage of the offer.

THE Blaisdell Brothers, Californians and Concert Company will give a performance at the Court House on Monday night the 5th. They come well recommended and we bespeak for them a full house.

THE removal of the Postoffice to Main Street, is a great convenience to most of our citizens. The Messrs. Warren are well fixed in their new store and have fitted up the Postoffice Department of it in a very nice manner.

CORRECTION.—Last week we stated that Miss Maria Barnes was indebted to the ladies of Danville for the excellent portrait of her father, painted by Mrs. Jno. U. Rochester, of New Orleans. We have since learned that the gift is directly from Mrs. Rochester, who deserves the greatest praise both for her generosity and the perfection of her work. The likeness could hardly be better.

PROF. A. GOLDSTEIN, an Optician of reputation from Louisville, will be at the Myers House a few days. Persons with failing and defective eyesight will find it to their interest to consult him as he can improve vision in almost every case by the abnormal condition of the eye, by the use of proper lenses. The Prof. is well and favorably known here by citizens who can testify to his ability.

OUR MUSEUM.—We have received from Mr. Isaac Hamilton, quite a curiosity in the shape of a link, which is divided in the centre by a ring of a chain, through which it grew. It has very much the appearance of a fuscous. Mr. A. D. Newland brought us a large and very curiously formed sweet potato and a couple of ears of corn held to the stalk by long stems having nine joints. Mr. A. C. Newland contributed the largest and finest ear of corn we have seen, but we can't afford to mention hereafter less than a horse feed.

DISGRACEFUL.—Some of the young men summoned to guard the jail on Monday night, got drunk and behaved in a disgraceful manner. They shouted, fired pistols and made night hideous generally, to those of our citizens who were trying to sleep. Mr. A. Pendleton's house was fired into and he awakened by the plastering that was knocked from the ceiling by the ball. Such conduct might do well enough for a set of rascals, but for a party of young men who claim to be respectable, it is a shame and the guilty parties should be severely punished. And the only way to find out who is guilty is to bring the whole party up for trial.

THE weather begins to remind us that we will need warm garments in a short time. Many of our lady friends have taken time by the forelock and purchased their Fall and Winter dresses, but many others are waiting until really cold days come. This is a bad policy, and we urge them to delay no longer. If they will heed good advice, we point them to the fact that Hayden Bros. having sold many nice dresses from their unusually large stock during the present week, and the patterns are even more lovely than the first, and we advise every lady who is not already supplied, to go to their store and examine them. They will be sure to sell you a dress.

OKAES, THE ASSASSIN, CAPTURED.—One day last week Mr. W. F. Abrahams left home in a quiet sort of way keeping his own counsel as to the mission of his trip. He returned here on Saturday and surprised every one by bringing with him Wm. Oakes, the man who waylaid and killed Wm. Petre, a month or so ago. Mr. Abrahams says that he had learned from the hints of some of Oakes' friends that he had run off to Franklin county, and acting on this knowledge he went thither and captured the young man on a farm near Lockport, and about nine miles from Frankfort. He was fencing at the time with two other men, and Mr. Abrahams telling him to come with him, he did so without resistance. Mr. Abrahams took him up behind him till he could hire another horse and brought him to Frankfort. In Louisville he kept him in his room at the Alexander Hotel, and the next day lodged him in jail here. Mr. Abrahams has showed in this case what most of us knew before, that he is a man of nerve and determination. He will pocket the reward, \$500 by the Governor and \$50 by a son of Mr. Petre, with the satisfaction of knowing that he has served his country nobly and well.

THE CAPTURE OF GROVE KENNEDY.—On our outside will be found the particulars of the capture of Grove Kennedy, which appeared in an EXTRA issued from this office on Saturday last. There are but few new developments since then and the statements made in it are in the main, correct, only that Kennedy was kept in jail at Lancaster but for a short time, his captors taking him up by turnpike, to Louisville where he is now in jail. It was rather unfortunate for Grove, that his arrest was accomplished at the time it was, for we learn from Cols. Hill and Welch, his Attorneys, that they had made positive arrangements with him to go with them to Lancaster immediately after the adjournment of our Court and deliver himself up to the authorities of that county, thereby getting the benefit of a voluntary surrender. It was the aroused determination of Kennedy to do so, and this, in a measure had thrown him somewhat off his guard and may have had something to do with his easy capture. From the daily papers we learn that his case will be transferred to Nelson county, and that his trial will take place at Bardonia early in December, before Judge Wickliffe, who was appointed by the Governor to try it.

C. S. R. R.—Passenger trains now leave Danville Junction for Cincinnati at 6 o'clock a. m. and 1.40 p. m.

SHOT BAG WANTED.—Will the person to whom I loaned my double shot bag last Fall or Spring, please return it to me? E. B. HAYDEN.

MR. GEO. SAUNDERS eloped with Miss Rebecca Stephenson, of Crab Orchard, on Wednesday night last and was married at Nicholasville yesterday. Mr. J. H. Dennis and Miss Mollie Garvin accompanied them in their flight.

WE are again able to announce that we now have a complete assortment of the celebrated Fish Bait. Wagons, known as the Best Wagons on Wheels. Remember we sell a 21 inch Thimble Skin Wagon with bed and brake for \$20.

WEAVER & EVANS.

ONE night last week while Mr. Sim Cook was attending church here some thieves cut off and appropriated the heavy sole-leather skirts of his new saddle. Mr. Cook is making strong efforts to find out the rascal who did the job, and authorizes us to say that he will give \$50 for his arrest and conviction.

TWENTY dozens of the well-made and popular brands of ladies underwear were opened the other day by Hayden Bros. They informed us that their trade in this line of indispensable goods this Fall, has been far beyond anything ever had in the past, and the demand for them comes from all parts of the country, and is increasing as the cold Winter time approaches. They are very cheap, too.

ALMOST A FIRE.—Monday, Mrs. T. M. Pennington who lives in the lower end of town discovered the roof her kitchen on fire, and being a woman of remarkable nerve she did not get down and scream for assistance, but taking a bucket of water, she ran up stairs and threw it on the fire. She did it and the flames were entirely extinguished. Had it not been for her courage her residence would now be in ashes.

THE best way to keep from taking a cold is to keep your feet warm and dry. This cannot be done by wearing a common boot made of thin split leather and paper, or bark soles, but you must have the best of upper and bottom leather. Boots made of them do not repel, leak, or absorb water. The best boots we have examined this season is for sale by Hayden Bros. They are made of the best tanned leather, (French Calf Skin) are in the latest fashion, with thick, elastic bottoms, easy on the foot, and cheaper than you ever got them before.

PERSONAL.—The talented Mrs. Eugenia Dunlap Potts, accompanied by Miss Alma Whitsett, of Lancaster, was a guest of Mrs. E. H. Burdette, on Sunday last. Miss Maria Barnes left on Wednesday for Louisville, in company with little Lizzie Ayres, who was en route to her home in Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. John S. Hughes, of Louisville, are here on a visit. Mr. John H. Walton and wife whom we take of much pleasure in calling cousin, returned to Mason county yesterday from a visit to their children, Mrs. B. M. Burdett and Mat Walton, Esq., of Lancaster. O. H. Williams, the Photographer, has returned and can be found at the Car. Mrs. Judge M. H. Osley was in town last evening.

WE had an interview with Mr. William Kennedy, who is indicted for malicious shooting at Richmond, on yesterday, and he confirms the statement reproduced from a Commercial correspondent last week. He says there was no intention on the part of Saunders to raise a row, at least, he so told him, and it was on this express understanding that he accompanied him to Richmond. He says he can easily prove that he did no shooting until he was himself shot at, and has no fears of being convicted. In regard to his brother Grove, he says that the plan of surrender to the Garrard authorities was made through him, between Grove and his Attorneys, and that there is no doubt but that he would have given himself up to-day.

CIRCUIT COURT NOTES.—After a laborious session of sixteen judicial days, this Court adjourned last evening. Those who are accustomed to the workings of Courts tell us that there has been more business transacted at this term than for a long time.

Mary Stoffer, a white woman of loose character, pleaded guilty of burglary and the jury assessed her punishment at two years in the Penitentiary.

Dan Twaddle confessed a fine of \$20 for retailing ardent spirits, and Sam Hardin followed suit.

James Banks, charged with the murder of George Middleton, another colored man in Crab Orchard, last Winter, was acquitted. The circumstances of the murder were most atrocious, Middleton having been shot through a window while in church. We understand that strong measures will be taken to find out who the guilty party.

James Lear confessed to a charge of Grand Larceny and the jury sent him to the Penitentiary for two years. He has already served two terms in the Penitentiary.

S. P. Bailey was granted a divorce from his wife Nancy M. Bailey, on the grounds of abandonment. Mrs. Bailey was restored to her maiden name, which was Innis.

John Stigall proved adultery against his wife, Sallie Stigall, and the Court gave him a divorce.

Rebecca Turner was divorced from Jno. Turner on account of abandonment.

The case of Jerry Brown for the murder of John Engleman, was continued till next Court, and the Judge ordered him to be taken to Madison for safe keeping.

Mr. Breckinridge Jones passed his examination this Court and is now a full fledged lawyer. He was appointed to defend a prisoner in a murder case the other day and surprised even his best friends by the superior manner in which he acquitted himself.

The case against Jennie Briggs, Alice Bailey and Becky Lee, ladies of color, for unlawfully confederating themselves together for the purpose of doing bodily harm to the person of Miss Mary Stoffer, a very naughty white damsel, who left us yesterday to spend the coming season in Frankfort, was tried before two juries this week, both of which failed to agree, and were discharged. We learn that the first jury stood 11 for sending all three to the Penitentiary and one for sending only two, and that the second jury was 10 for conviction and two for a verdict of acquittal. Thus a case of very small importance has cost the county and State about \$300, with the probability of costing yet another large amount more.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP ITEMS.

Mr. Lewis B. Jones has sold his lower farm to Mr. Coffey of Wayne at \$45 per acre.

Goldsmith Maid has been withdrawn from the turf. It is about time, as she is 21 years old.

Daniel & Witherspoon, of Clark, purchased of Jilison Whitsett, 76 cattle, averaging about 1,500 pounds, at \$5 per cwt.

Messrs. Graham & Herbert sold to Monroe Hickman, 100 sheep at \$1 1/2 per head. The reader can imagine that it wasn't a very fine lot.

Uncle Jerry Maxwell sold at Lancaster this week, a scrubby cow of cattle at \$1. In Madison county he also sold 17 head of some class cattle at 25 cents.

James H. Bean, of Clark, weighed to Goff & Co., of Clark, the last instalment of his cattle, 52 in number, averaging 1,383 pounds, at \$5 50 per 100 pounds.

Messrs. Robert & L. Logan, delivered on Saturday last, 22 head cattle by them some time since to Brown Bros., of Shelby. The cattle averaged 1770 lbs., and the price paid was 6 cents.

Mr. Bartlett, of Putnam county, Tenn., sold 6 1/2 year old scrub steers at \$9 00 per head; 1 bull at \$20 10; also a lot of cows and heifers at two cents per pound, and a yoke of cattle at 3 cents.

THREE TRACTS OF LAND FOR SALE.—One containing 430 acres, situated on the Lexington pike 1 1/2 miles from Lancaster, and of good quality as any in Garrard county; also a tract of about 120 acres, about 6 miles from Lancaster, and another tract of about 117 acres, lying in Lincoln county, and adjoining the lands of Greenberry Bright. Address John S. Gill, and J. H. Bruce, Lancaster, Ky.

THE LOUISVILLE LIVE STOCK MARKET.—Cattle opened brisk but closed dull, with some 200 head of common stuff left over. Good butchers' cattle mostly all sold, having found a ready market. Hogs—Buyers and sellers apart, buyers offering \$4 50c 5 65, sellers wanting \$5 75. Sheep—A fair market, and about all sold. Prices—Cattle—Good to extra shippers, \$4 50c 5 00; Best butchers', \$3 75c 4 25; Medium, \$2 50c 3 75; Thin, rough, steers, poor cows, &c., \$1 50c 2 00; Oken, \$2 75c 3 25; Hogs—Choice, \$4 00c 4 75; Extra, \$4 00c 4 50; 4 00. Sheep—Extra, \$4 00c; Common to medium, \$3 50c 3 75; Lambs—Extra, \$3 50c 4 00; Common to medium, \$3 25c 3 50. Receipts in last twenty-four hours.—Cattle, 781; Sheep and Lambs, 1,262; Hogs, 2,722; Horses and Mules, 40. Total, 4,955.

RELIGIOUS.

Elder S. H. King will preach at the Christian Church at the usual hour Sunday.

Nearly all the Baptist Churches in England maintain the practice of open communion.

The two branches of the Presbyterian Church will hold a joint Communion in the Church on next Sabbath. The services will commence to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

The meeting at Buckeye, conducted by Elders Potts and Trukey, of the Baptist Church has developed considerable interest, 33 having already united with the church.

Three young ministers have left the British Wesleyan Conference because they are not conscientiously preaching the doctrines held by that body on everlasting punishment in hell fire.

The sum total of members in the Northern and Southern Presbyterian Churches is 670,124. In 1861, when they parted, the total number of members in the united body was 300,814.

Next Sunday being the 1st, Communion Services will be held at the Methodist Church in this place. An opportunity will be given to any who may desire to connect themselves with that church.

Don't think to compliment your minister by telling him you were "greatly entertained by his performance this morning." "Entertainment" is a poor synonym for preaching, and the "entertainment" of sinners is a doubtful matter at best.

A Methodist minister in Georgia walks thirty miles in each week in order to fulfill one of his appointments and works two days of every week in a brickyard for corn to feed his family. We'll wager that that man is more anxious to preach than any body is to listen to him.

A Union Prayer Meeting was inaugurated on Tuesday night by Rev. George O. Barnes. It will meet regularly on each Tuesday night at the Court House, and if the members will obey the kind advice of one of the best and humblest men on earth, it will do an immense amount of good. All are invited to attend.

Moody has a farm at Northfield, and though he has no time for regular and systematic farming, he has done a good deal of farm work during the past summer. He has a Shropshire down sheep which he imported himself, a Jersey heifer calf which a Bostonian presented to him, and several other remarkable four-footed creatures.

Rev. Geo. O. Barnes, the great Evangelist will leave to-morrow for Campbellsville, Ky. He will meet Miss Maria Lebanon, and their meeting will commence at the above place on Sunday next. Every body in this country loves Mr. Barnes, not excepting many of his bitterest opponents three months ago, and we part with him with feelings of sincere regret.

On its one hundredth night and with 328 souls gathered to Christ, Mr. Barnes' meeting closed last Sunday evening in a joyful manner, the concluding service witnessing the confession and conversion of five persons. Mr. Barnes made a few appropriate remarks in regard to the meeting, then the good old "Praise God from whom all blessings flow" was fervently sung by hundreds of voices, and the benediction closed one of the greatest revivals that ever blessed the town of Stanford.

The First Presbyterian Church at Cincinnati was the scene last Sunday of a conflict between the pastor and his flock. It seems that the preacher was opposed to the singing of the Doxology before the benediction but the leading members fancied it and so ordered the Choir before the services to sing it at the proper time. They attempted it but the mingling of doxology and benediction grated on the ear of the divine and he preemptorily ordered the choir to cease operations. They did so and the benediction was pronounced. Religion pure and undiluted may be said to be wanting in that church.

Elder W. T. Tyne, assisted by Elder J. M. Bruce, will begin a meeting at Kirksville on Sunday night, Nov. 11th.

Old Hundred, a tune which will endure as long as there are Christian hearts to ascribe praise to Him "from whom all blessings flow," is compiled from four old Gregorian chants, probably by France, who furnished the music for the Geneva Psalms, published in 1564. It was known originally as the One Hundredth Psalm in that collection. Hence its present title.

A great deal of the success of the revival just closed is due Miss Marie Barnes, the daughter of the Evangelist and the sweet singer of his meeting. Her very presence is magnetic, and her earnest Christian manner, coupled with her willingness on all occasions to say a word for Christ, has led many a soul to Him, when sermons would have no effect. Their sweet voice is peculiarly fitted to sing those "dear songs" without which, the services would have lost much of their interest. Her name is written indelibly on the hearts of all of our citizens, many of whom will never cease to bless her.

The editor of the Richmond Register is wrong, in his article on Mr. Barnes' meeting, in several particulars. He asserts that persons who make confession at his meetings join no church. If they do not, it is because of their own inclinations, not from any teachings of Mr. Barnes, for his earnest advice to the new converts is to unite themselves with some church at once. Mr. Barnes does not baptize but leaves that to the minister of the church that the candidate applies for admission. Neither are "his constant labors" telling on him, nor is it probable that he will be unable to hold out much longer. On the contrary, he appears much younger than he did three months ago, and notwithstanding he has preached for the most of that time twice daily, he weighs 10 pounds more than he did at the beginning of the meeting.

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Flinn Fetched Her.

Mrs. D. J. Cole requests your presence at the marriage ceremony of her daughter Mary to John J. Flinn, of Chicago, Tuesday evening, Oct. 9, at half past 8 o'clock, at her residence, St. Joseph, Mo.

There is nothing in the above invitation that would provoke more than a casual remark from the ordinary reader. Marriages are matters of daily and hourly occurrence, and, unless the contracting parties happen to be distinguished in some way, attract little attention outside the narrow circle in which the parties move. But there are in this particular wedding the elements of a thrilling romance, and the reality, if fully and properly set forth, would constitute a drama of the first class. The Times will leave the dramatist and romancer to immortalize it in play or story, and will rest content with giving to the world the outlines of this singular case.

Several years ago Mr. John J. Flinn was a clerk in a leading dry goods house in St. Joseph, Mo. He was of a literary turn as well, and was occasional contributor to the daily papers of that Western city. Gradually he drifted out of tape measuring and into newspaperdom, the line of demarcation not being clearly defined. But this is immaterial. In the circle of his acquaintance was a Miss Mary Cole, a pretty schoolgirl, for whom in time he conceived an ardent affection. The girl did not, it is said, encourage his suit, but her mother did, and exhausted her persuasion and authority in the attempt to change her daughter's opinion of the young suitor. At length Mary yielded to importunities and consented to become Mrs. Flinn. One evening some three years or more ago there was a pleasant wedding at the maternal mansion. The bride bore herself as though she was the happiest of the happy, receiving the congratulations of her friends, heartily participating in the festivities of the occasion, and gracefully dismissing guests at the hour of parting. Thus far the story might apply equally as well to thousands of other weddings, the names alone being changed, but what follows has scarcely a counterpart in the lengthened catalogue of connubials.

In due time the young bride repaired to her bridal chamber, and in due time thereafter also repaired the husband, but only to find the door doubtfully bolted against his admission. Perplexed and utterly exhausted in vain. The little captain held the fortress and would listen to no terms of capitulation. Her mother added her entreaties and commands to those of the groom, but to no purpose. Thereupon the besieging forces withdrew and held a council of war, the result of which was that it was deemed prudent not to make any further advance on that particular occasion, but to wait until the next day, when it was thought the girl's pique would have worn off and the little rebel would discriminate surrender. But the next night was but a repetition of the preceding, and days lengthened into weeks and still the bride of an evening held the fort. Every day she sallied forth and took her accustomed seat in the school-room, and every night she retired behind her fortifications. This sort of thing began to grow monotonous after a time, and the husband, despairing of ever being a husband in any thing more than name, and wearying of dancing attendance on the dainty beauty, left St. Joseph and took up his residence in St. Louis. From there he went to Denver, and some two years since came to Chicago, since which time he has been employed as a reporter on an evening paper, and also as correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Meanwhile a divorce had restored both parties to their original status. Recently a correspondence sprung up between them, which rapidly ripened into an engagement, and last evening they were married over again at the same place, and are now on their way to Chicago. The little rebel has surrendered at last.

Salaries of Leading Newspaper Men.
The leading editorial writer on the London Times gets 2,000 guineas per annum, which is a pretty fair salary. The largest salaries paid in America are not quite equal to this. Dr. Conner, the managing editor of the New York Herald, receives \$5,000; Whitehead Reid, of the Tribune, \$12,000; Charles A. Dana, the editor of the New York Sun, \$12,000, besides his profits as a stock owner; The Boston newspapers pay well. Hascall, the editor of the Herald, gets \$10,000, and has just received a year's absence to go to Europe, his being continued. The leading editorial writer on the Chicago Times gets \$5,000, and the managing editor \$6,000; Waterston, of the Courier-Journal, \$7,500, and an interest in the profits; Sheehan, of the Chicago Tribune, \$6,000. The largest sum paid in America to any editorial writer is received from the New York Herald by Mr. Charles Nordhoff. He gets \$10,000 a year, and writes when and what he pleases.—[New Orleans Times.]

ORIGIN OF PHRASES.

"THERE'S MANY A SLIP 'TWEEN THE CUP AND THE LIP."—ARCHEUS, a King of the Samians, left a cup of wine untasted to pursue a wild boar, by which he was killed, which gave rise to the proverb.

"KISSING THE POPE'S TOE."—Matthew, of Winchester, says that formerly it was usual to kiss the Pope's hand, but that toward the eighth century a certain lewd woman, in offering to kiss His Holiness Leo, not only kissed his hand but also pressed it. The Pope, seeing the danger, cut off his hand, and thus escaped the contamination to which he had been exposed. Since then the precaution has been taken of kissing the Pope's toe instead of the hand.

"MIND YOUR P's AND Q's."—This originated in ale-houses where chalk scores were formerly marked upon the wall. It was customary to put these in tall letters at the end of every man's account to show the number of pints and quarts for which he owed. And thus, if one were indulging too freely in drink, a friend would touch him on the shoulder and pointing to the score on the wall, advise him to mind his p's and q's—i. e. to cease drinking.

A LAMP TO THY FEET.—The streets of Jerusalem are very narrow, and no one is allowed to go out without a light. Throw open your lattices in the evening and look out; you will see what seem to be little stars twinkling on the pavement. You will hear the clatter of sandals as the late traveler rattles along. As the party approaches, you will see he has a little lamp fastened to his foot, to make his step a safe one. In an instant the voice comes to your memory, written in that city three thousand years ago: "Thy word is a lamp to my feet, and a light to my path."

Here are a few things that men have said for and against women:—Hippocrates, the Greek says: "A woman gives her husband two days of happiness—that on which he marries her and that on which he buries her." Coderus, a Latin writer says: "There are fewer stars in heaven than trickeries in woman's heart." Chaucer, the French satirist, says: "Marriage follows love like smoke after fire." Alphonso Karr writes: "The friendship of woman is never more than a plot against a third." Madame de Girardin says: "The rarest thing in France, next to a stupid woman, is a generous one." Shakespeare says: "A woman's fitness comes by fits." Pope's familiar line reads: "Every woman is at heart a rake." Emerson says: "Women see through Claude Lorraines." Rochefoucauld declares: "Women can less easily surmount their coquetry than their passions." Let us take from the mouth of the bitter taste left by the foregoing aloes by a few more polite quotations: "There are but two fine things in the world," said Malherbe, "women and roses." Lessing exclaims: "Woman is the masterpiece of the universe." Bourdon says: "The pearl is the image of purity, but woman is purer than the pearl." Thackeray writes: "A good woman is the best flower that blooms under heaven." Balzac says: "Even the errors of woman spring from her faith in the good." Voltaire declares: "All the reasonings of men are not worth one sentiment of women." La Martine asserts that "Women have more heart and more imagination than men." Otway exclaims: "O, woman! lovely woman! Nature made thee to temper man; we have been brutes without you!" To which Mark Twain adds: "But for you we should be nothing—for we should not be here."

At Auburn, Indiana, the other day, a young man named Squires picked up a loaded gun and playfully pointed at Mr. and Mrs. Ault, playfully saying, "Your money or your life." The gun went off, playfully, of course, killed the lady, and badly wounded the husband. The jury acquitted Squires as he did the whole thing in play. If such idiots were playfully sent to the State Prison for life, the world would be better off. Until this can be done, any man who points a gun or revolver at another should immediately be knocked down with a chair, club, poker or other weapon that may be handy. It is no excuse to say that the gun is not loaded, that only aggravates the case; the more unloaded the pistol is, the surer does death follow its index finger.

FRIED BREAD.—Pieces of stale bread may be utilized in the following manner: Beat three eggs in a shallow dish; dip the bread in this, and fry in hot butter. If the bread is dry, soak it in milk first. Serve while hot. Another good way to use bits of bread is, after boiling best, to throw the bread into the soup for a few moments; then dip up for the table. Or, another very reliable dish may be made: If you have parboiled beef for roasting, a nice dressing can be made by soaking the bread, with the boillings well seasoned, and bake beside the bread.

The Mayville Bulletin says: "The venerable Father Lee, of the Christian church, said to be the only survivor of the original organizers of the church, and now nearly one hundred years of age, preached at Mayville, a few weeks since."

A tramp applied to a lady in De Moines for something to eat, and to the inquiry why he didn't go to work, said there was not any chance to work at his trade now. The lady asked him about his trade. "Shoveling snow," was the confident answer. He got his dinner.

A Russian army divine, preaching to a regiment departing for the seat of war, described the torments which awaited the coward in the other world, by depicting hell as a place in which the sufferer would be up to his neck in brandy, and unable to drink a drop.

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A Suicide's Letter.

Coroner SWAN, of San Francisco, has received the following letter:—"DEAR SIR:—Once I heard you express the opinion that a gentleman would never commit suicide in a nasty manner, leaving as a legacy disgust and trouble to his friends. I am one of those who hold that my life is my own, and that I have a right to dispose of it as I would any other property of mine. Being aware that a certain odium attaches to the relatives of a suicide, I am determined that if I can prevent it my body shall never be found, and that my dropping out from among the living will simply be one more added to the list of 'mysterious disappearances.' It is my intention to make use of a small boat and row out to the Golden Gate, which has been anything but a golden gate to me. There I shall weight my body in such a manner that I shall probably never rise again when once I spring overboard. Should, however, the changing currents bring back my body to the bay, and it should be found, money enough will be found in a water-tight belt to defray the expense of simple burial. I look upon such a contingency as this, however, as among the bare possibilities. My reasons for seeking death are my own, as my life is, and I carry them with me. Please say nothing to any of the newspapers. It is a dead man's request, and the last to the living."

Rubber overshoes for horses are a recent invention. The shoe is made and lined in a precisely similar manner to the articles of apparel worn by the human race, and, in fact, presented no points of difference, save in the shape and its manufacture of the best quality of India rubber. It is designed as a substitute for the iron shoe, and as a means of preventing the many maladies to which horses' feet are subject. Horses suffering with cracked or contracted hoofs, and similar painful hurts, it is said, are quickly cured by the substitution of the rubber covering for the unyielding metal shoe. The device is easily removed from or put on the hoof, and hence, while standing in the stall or turned out to pasture, the horse may be left barefooted. As compared with iron shoes, the cost of the rubber is about one third more, and their weight is forty per cent less, while they are very durable. Sixteen sizes are manufactured, so that accurate fits may be obtained.

CRITICISM AS CRITICISM.—When "Henry V" was produced in one of our Southern cities, recently, the entire orchestra consisted of a single fiddler; and a critic upon a local journal thus reviewed his performances: "In the furious battle-scenes his bow flashed across the strings like shining strokes of swords." The climax of the lone orchestra's performance is thus described: "Then when the charge rested and the King stopped for breath, the fiddler stood by his post. The wounded groaned on the E cat, and cursed their luck on the G cord. Andante and adagio, piano and pianissimo, all the confused, pathetic and terrible scenes of the fight, were produced by the orchestra with painstaking labor, sudorific suffering and sublime skill. He crested on the crescendo with crescendo crescendo, and diminished on the diminuendo with diminuendo diminuendo."

FIRST RAILROAD IMPRESSIONS.—A man from Honey Lake saw a railroad for the first time in his life the other day at Reno. In speaking of the wonder to a friend he said: "The forward thing just gin a couple of coughs, and then the whole string of 'em got up and started right off."

"That thar lead steer pulls powerful fine," was what the Oregon man said when his two sons, living at Elko, took him out to the railroad track for the first look at the cars.

"What you call 'um; heap wagon, no horse?" asked the Pute Indian when he saw the first train.—[Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise.]

SORROW-STRICKEN.—Some time ago an aged man who had just lost his wife came into our sanctum, and with tears standing in his eyes, eulogized the memory of the deceased, and asked us to record the death in our next issue. "And," said he, "while you are about it, make an item about one of my Brahmas hens laying an egg measuring seven and a quarter by eight and three-quarter inches in circumference." Thus suddenly our thoughts of sympathy were directed to the sterner realities of life.

Electricity has been applied to a novel use in the East Indies. A platinum wire, connected with the poles of a battery, is stretched around a tree, and becoming red hot, is gently sawed until it burns its way thro'. It is thought that a tree can be cut down without any waste of timber in about fifteen minutes, that would require two hours to fell in the ordinary way.

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Pomological Amalgamation.

Mr. R. McMillan, proprietor of the Franklin Nurseries, brought to this office yesterday, the greatest curiosity in the shape of an apple we have ever seen. It is, in fact, two apples in one, or a cross between the small Romanite and the Roxbury Russet. The apple is perfect in form, but one-half of it is a dark cherry red, and the other half a bright golden yellow. The line between these colors is latitudinal through the centre of the apple, and very abruptly and distinctly drawn, the blossom end showing the Romanite, and the stem end the Russet. Mr. McMillan says there were two apples of this kind on the tree, which is a Romanite tree of his own growth, and in its second fruit season. He has no Russet tree in bearing on his place, and the bloom of this tree could not have been impregnated by the drifting pollen of any Russet bloom; besides, such an impregnation would only have produced its effect in the seed, not in the fruit. We regard it a most interesting freak of nature, and one which may possibly be studied to advantage by pomologists.—[Frankfort Yeoman.]

Young men usually set out in life with hopeful hearts and ambitious plans. They have no doubt of success. They resolve to do this, that and the other grand thing; and, with perfect assurance of success, lay out a career which it would take half a dozen lives to accomplish. They will not take—in fact, it seems to be impossible for them to take the advice of those who are already on the downhill of life. Everybody else may have come short of their early plans, but the young man just laying out his is sure that he will carry out every one of them. Hopeful, happy youth! What a glow it casts over the far-reaching future! And this is well—youth is the time for hope. And Providence orders things so kindly for us, that when we begin to approach the, to us, ever receding boundary of old age, we can look back placidly, and even genially, upon the wrecks of our plans that lie strewn all along life's shores.

On Wednesday afternoon last Mr. Hamor, foreman at the Steam Planting Mill on Isabella street, had the misfortune to have the forefinger of his left hand cut off at the first joint. He hastily picked up the detached piece, put it in its place, dipped the finger in some hot glue in a pot near by, and then had a glue carefully wrapped around it. He kept on with his work as though nothing had happened, and yesterday, but two days after the accident, he was working without even a rag on it, the finger having apparently healed together. This is a remarkable case of finger-splicing.—[Newport Local.]

A young lady of Warren, New Hampshire, wrote to the postmaster at Pipestone, Minnesota, for some geological specimens from that vicinity. The letter was handed to a young real estate agent interested in the same subject, and the correspondence has just resulted in a wedding. The bridegroom presented the parson with a deed of a lot in Pipestone, and an Indian pipe and hatchet made of the peculiar stone found there. The parson responded appropriately, advising the young couple always to keep a similar pipe of peace in the family.

The man who discovered a typographical error in the paper, and thought himself wise for having done so, is the same individual who walked seven miles trying to get a perpendicular view of the rainbow last summer. He is also the identical person who tried to buy postage stamps "at wholesale," four for a dime. He will commit suicide some day by blowing out his brains with a pair of bellows.

At a fashionable wedding breakfast in London, recently, an orator of the most lugubrious type, who was beginning to weep copiously, took out, as he thought, his pocket handkerchief, and was greeted with shouts of untrained laughter. He had in his hand one of his wife's silk stockings, which she had asked him to match, and which he had forgotten to do.

The leaves are turning slowly yellow; their summer's hue is hence; the ripening fruit is on the mellow; the small boy on the fence. He looks around, he views the ground, and thinks the moment suits; he fills his pockets full and round, then jumps the fence and scots.

A Russian army divine, preaching to a regiment departing for the seat of war, described the torments which awaited the coward in the other world, by depicting hell as a place in which the sufferer would be up to his neck in brandy, and unable to drink a drop.

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THE CHEAPEST, PUREST AND BEST FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD!

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Colic, Depression of spirits, SORE THROAT, Hoarseness, etc. This unrivaled Southern Remedy is guaranteed to cure a single particle of Mucous or any other morbid substance, but is containing the most potent and healthful ingredients.

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CONDENSED TIME.

Louisville & Great Southern RAILROAD LINE.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.
May 14, 1876.
Daily.
Leave Louisville.
Arrive Lexington.
Arrive Richmond.
Arrive Washington.
Arrive New York.
Arrive Boston.
Arrive Philadelphia.
Arrive Baltimore.
Arrive Cincinnati.
Arrive St. Louis.
Arrive Chicago.
Arrive St. Paul.
Arrive Minneapolis.
Arrive Portland.
Arrive Seattle.
Arrive San Francisco.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.
May 14, 1876.
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Arrive Boston.
Arrive Philadelphia.
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Arrive Portland.
Arrive Seattle.
Arrive San Francisco.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.
May 14, 1876.
Daily.
Leave Louisville.
Arrive Lexington.
Arrive Richmond.
Arrive Washington.
Arrive New York.
Arrive Boston.
Arrive Philadelphia.
Arrive Baltimore.
Arrive Cincinnati.
Arrive St. Louis.
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CINCINNATI SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

TIME TABLE NO. 3.
IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 17, 1877.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.
May 14, 1876.
Daily.
Leave Louisville.
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Arrive Richmond.
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Arrive Baltimore.<